



Hochschule für  
Wirtschaft und Recht Berlin  
Berlin School of Economics and Law



Universität Hamburg  
Institut für  
Wirtschaftsinformatik

# **Infotainment in Intercity Bus Services Customer Requirements Analysis and Conceptual Design**

**Joachim R. Daduna  
(Berlin School of Economics and Law)**

**André Richter / Stefan Voß  
(University of Hamburg)**

**13<sup>th</sup> Conference on Advanced Systems  
in Public Transport**

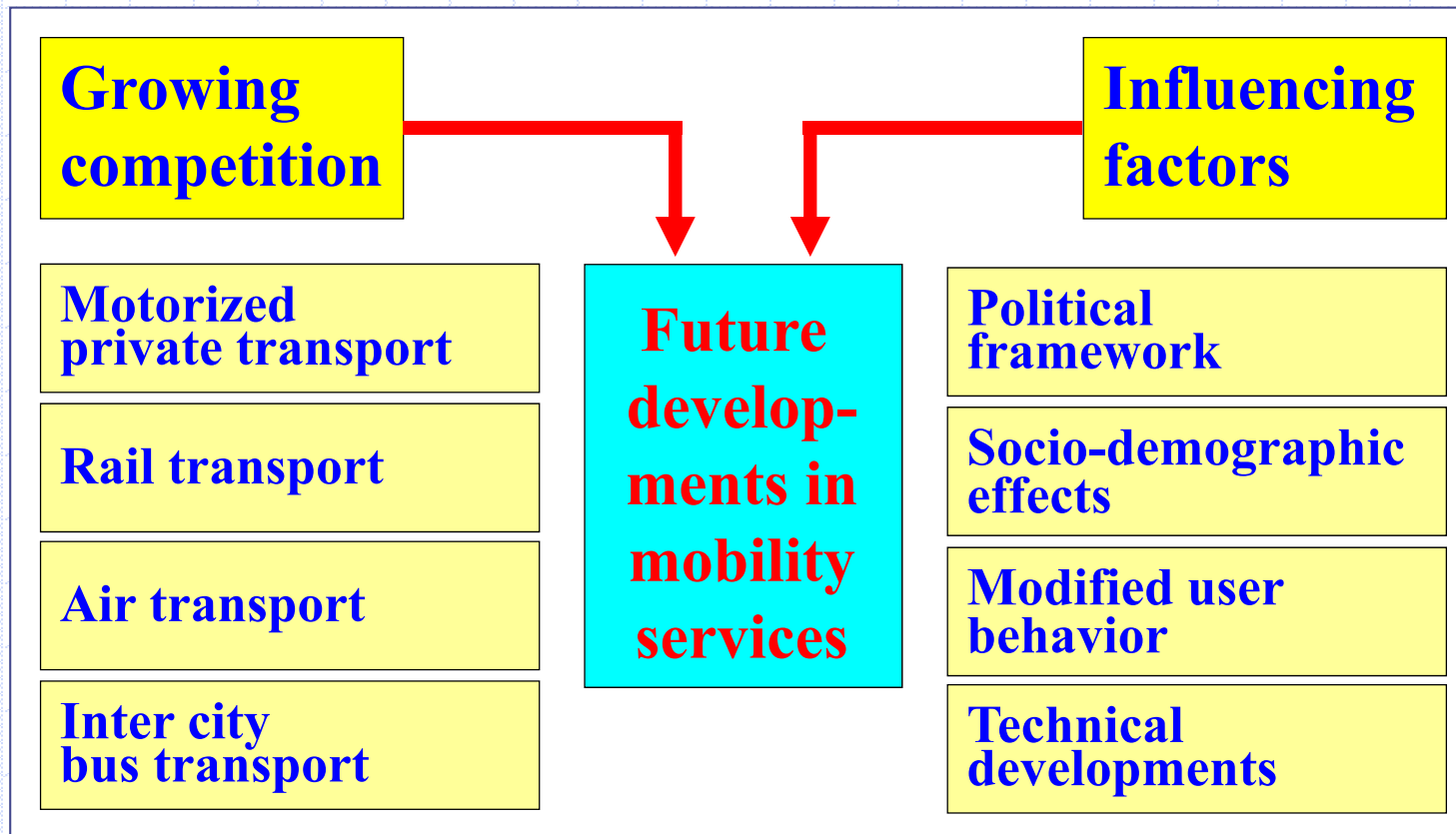
**July 19 - 23, 2015 / Rotterdam (The Netherlands)**

# Content:

- **Introduction**
- **Objectives and implementation of the study**
- **Analysis and evaluation of findings**
- **Cost calculation for an infotainment system**
- **Outlook**

# Introduction / Basics and developments (1)

- *Developments in long-distance passenger services*



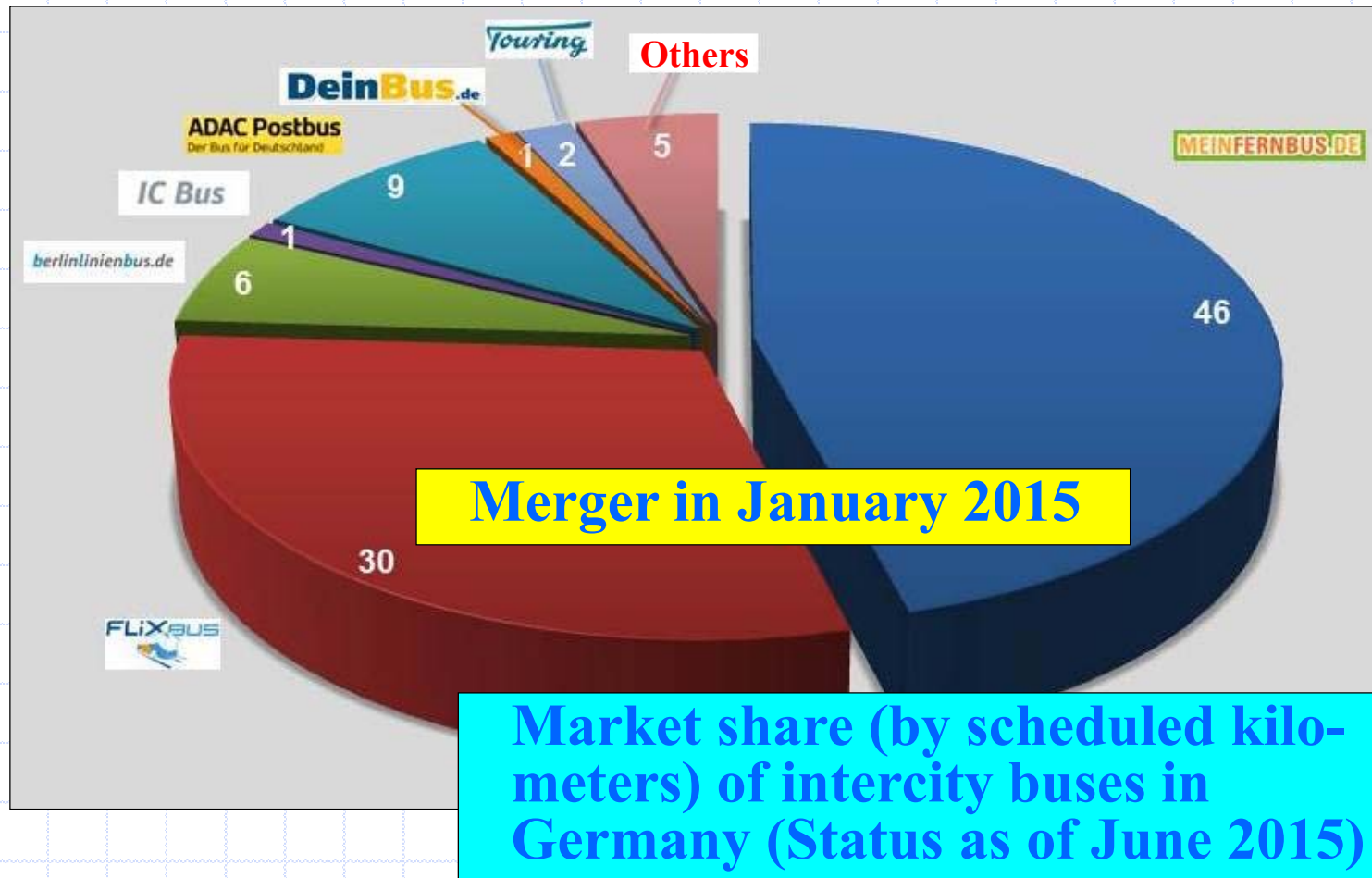
# Introduction / Basics and developments (2)

- In Germany for (public) inter city bus services *significant restrictions* exist until 2012 (relating to the *historic protection* of railway services).
- In 2013 the *market deregulation* results in a number of newly licensed *bus providers* offering *national* and *international services*.
- Accordingly, the *competition* in intercity bus services increased and the German *market* developed more and more dynamically.
- At the same time *intermodal competition* in *passenger long-distance transport* started to grow.

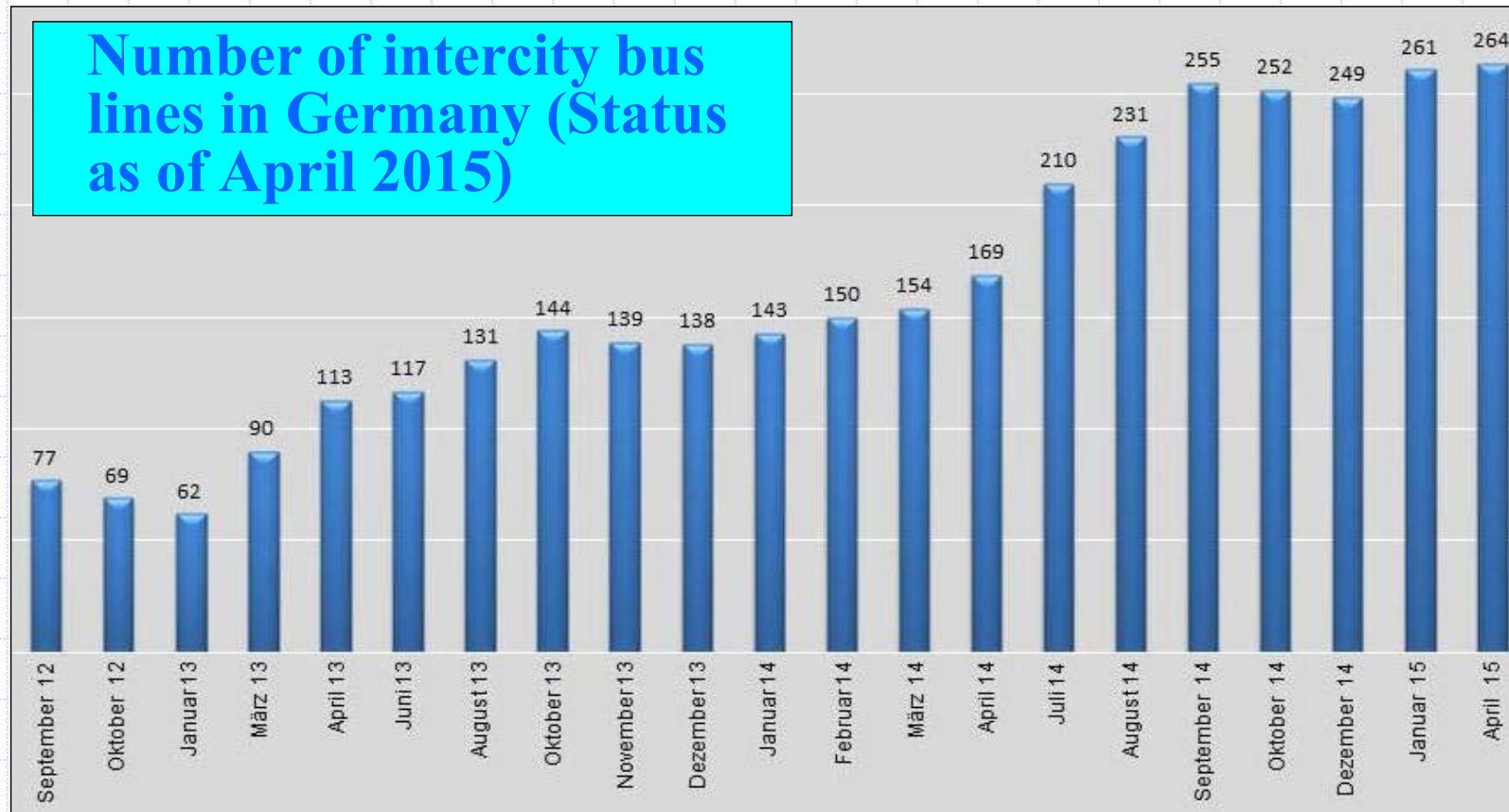
# Introduction / Basics and developments (3)

- Key factors regarding this competition are the *service quality* and especially the offer of *innovative services*.
- One possible solution can be the use of an efficient in-vehicle *IT infrastructure* in connection with *multimedia content* to implement attractive *infotainment systems*.
- To analyze *customers' requirements* a survey has been carried out in cooperation with a bus manufacturer and an intercity bus provider.

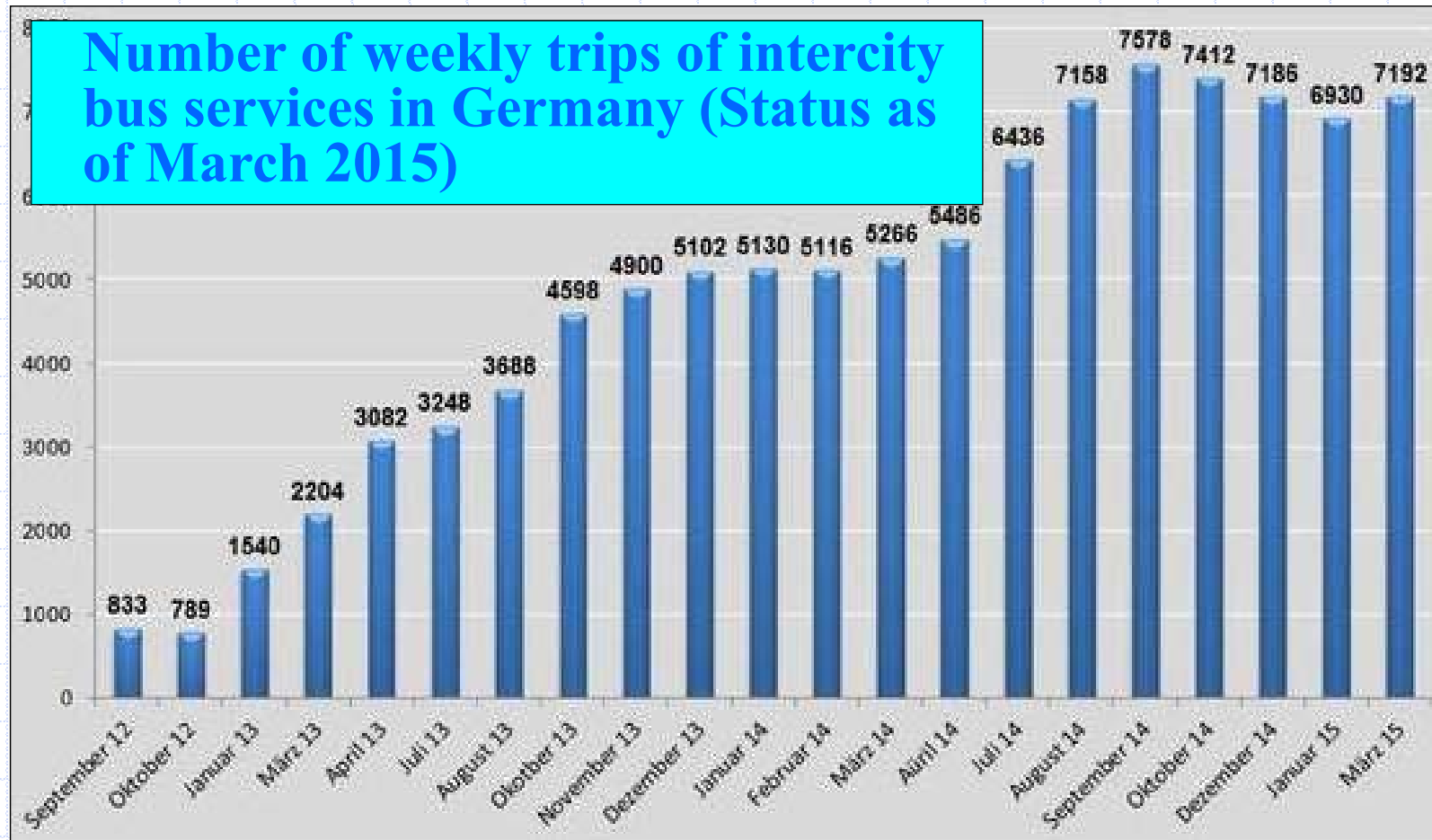
# Actual situation in German inter city public bus transport (1)



# Actual situation in German inter city public bus transport (2)



# Actual situation in German inter city public bus transport (3)





# Objectives and implementation of the study (1)

- *Empirical analysis of intercity bus users' requirements and preferences for in-bus IT and infotainment services.*

**In this context the following four questions should be answered:**

- **Determination and evaluation of current *satisfaction / dissatisfaction* of existing *services* and *technical systems*.**
- **Identification of existing *deficiencies*.**
- **Determination and design of *innovative services*.**
- **Analyzing the *willingness to pay* for in-bus IT and info-tainment services .**

# Objectives and implementation of the study (2)

- ***Intercity bus service provider:***  
Provision of detailed information to develop *innovative services* in the field of IT applications and infotainment systems.
- ***Coach manufacturer:***  
Provision of detailed *technical requirements* to approve the *bus design* relating to the demand of intercity bus service provider.

# Objectives and implementation of the study (3)

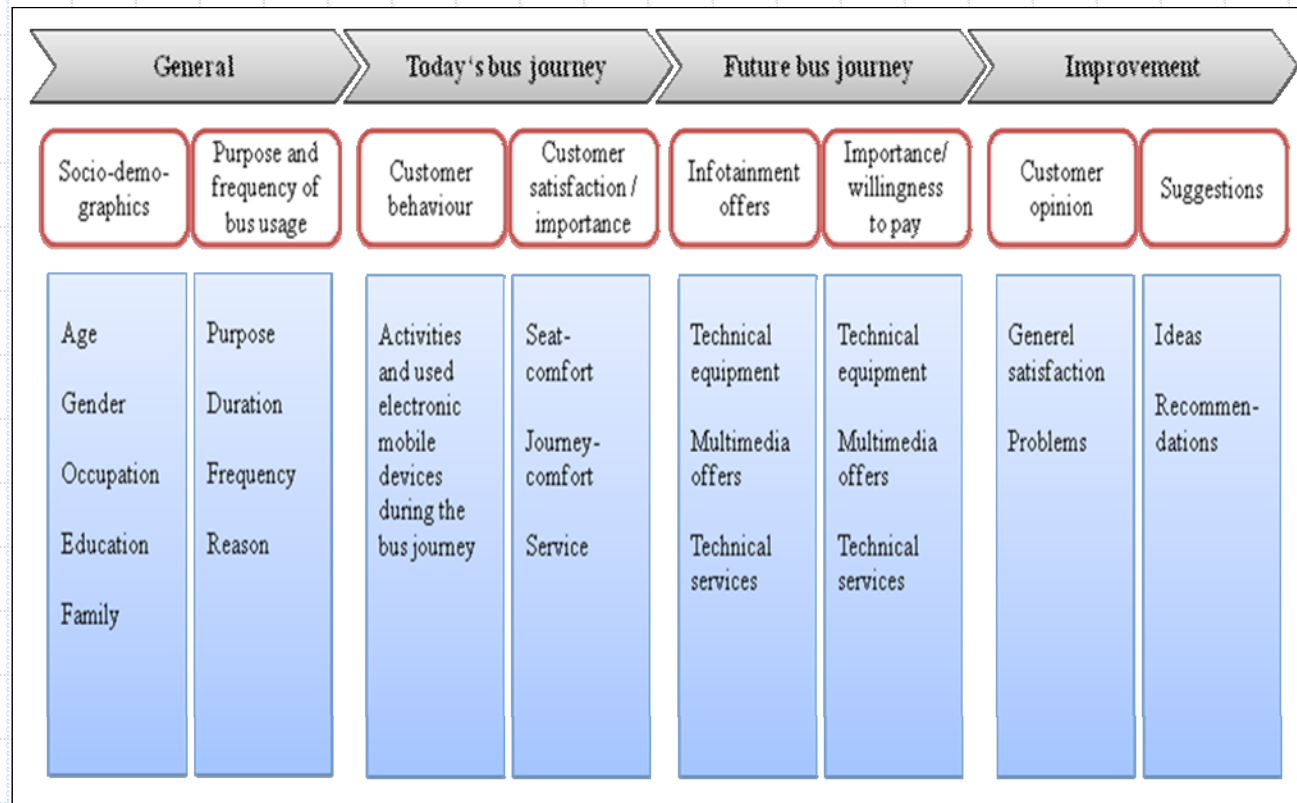
- *Structure and design of the questionnaire:*

Identification of relevant and important *quality criteria* (→ DIN EN 13816) (e.g. *availability, accessibility, comfort, safety*) as a basis.

Structure of the *questionnaire content*:

- *Socio-demographic background of questioned customers.*
- *Behavior during the intercity bus trip.*
- *Satisfaction / dissatisfaction relating to the actual trip.*
- *Development of IT applications and infotainment systems.*
- *Willingness to pay for available and future services.*

# Objectives and implementation of the study (4)



## Structure and content of the questionnaire

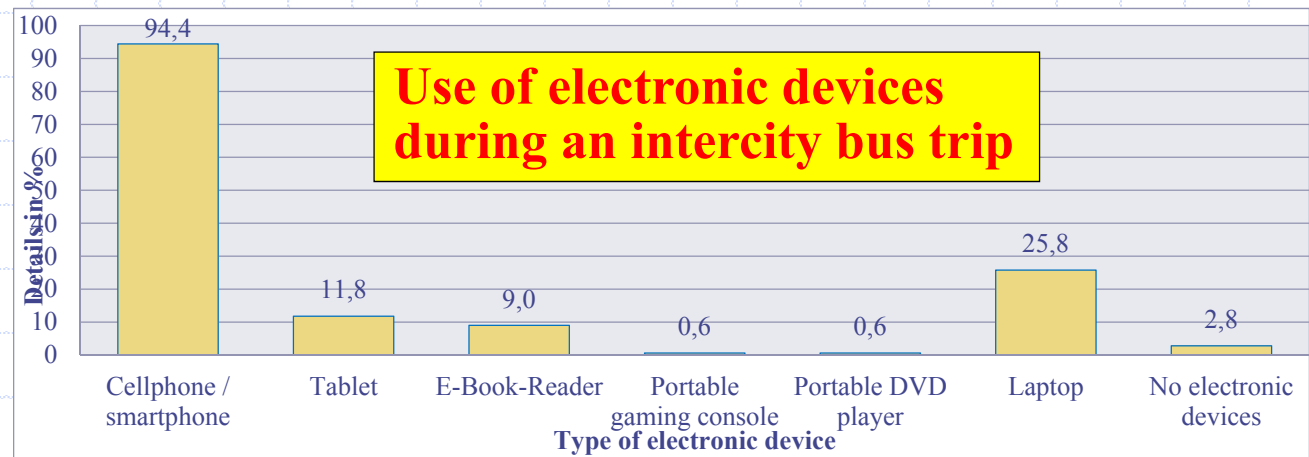
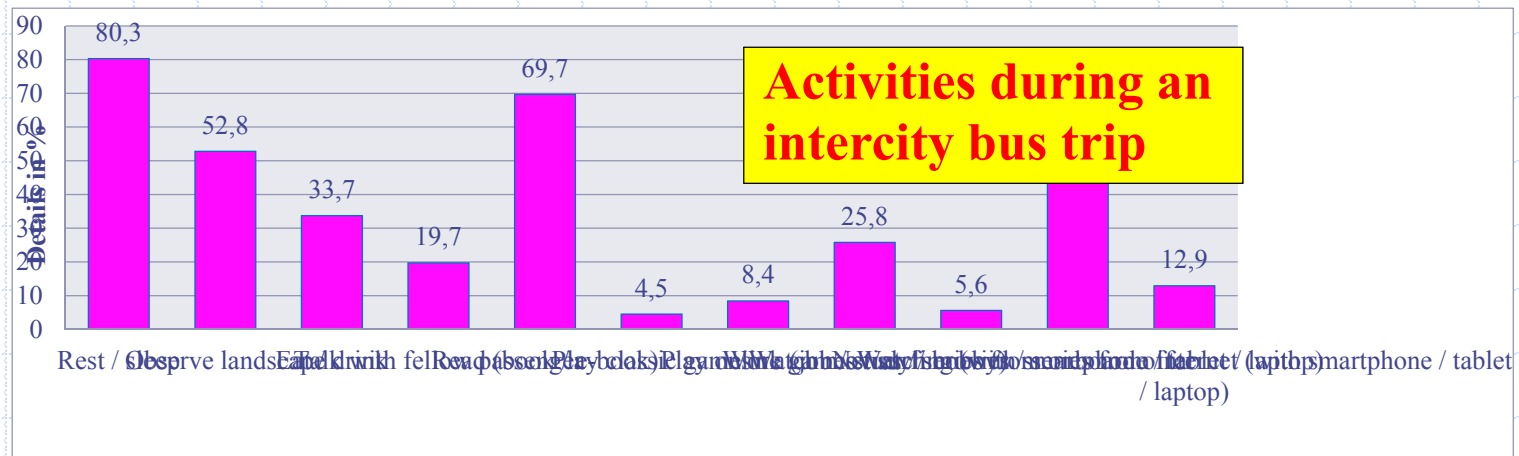
# Objectives and implementation of the study (5)

- *Implementation of the survey:*

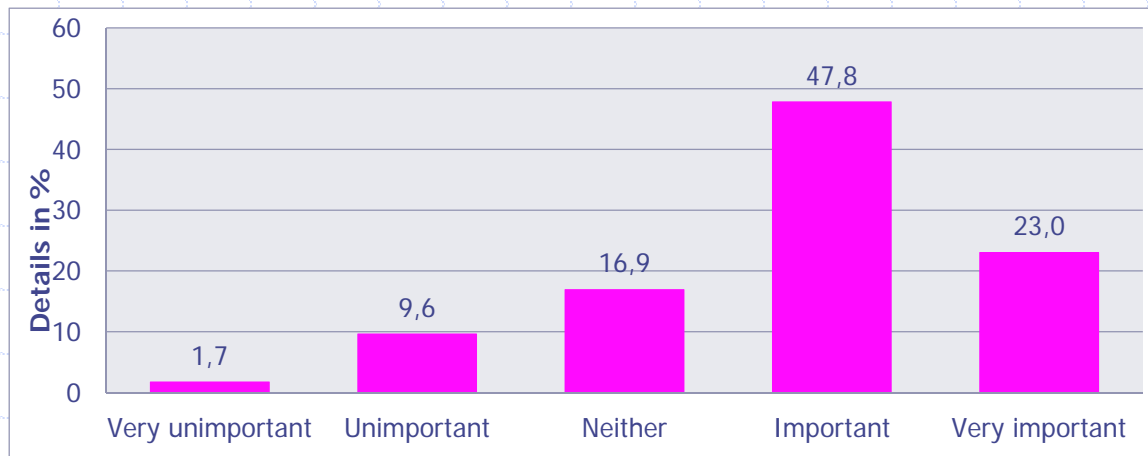
The survey took place in March 2014 in intercity buses of the German provider *FlixBus*.

Questioned were 178 customers during their bus trips in the north and eastern parts of Germany on intercity bus lines between Hamburg, Hannover, and Berlin,

# Analysis and evaluation of findings (1)

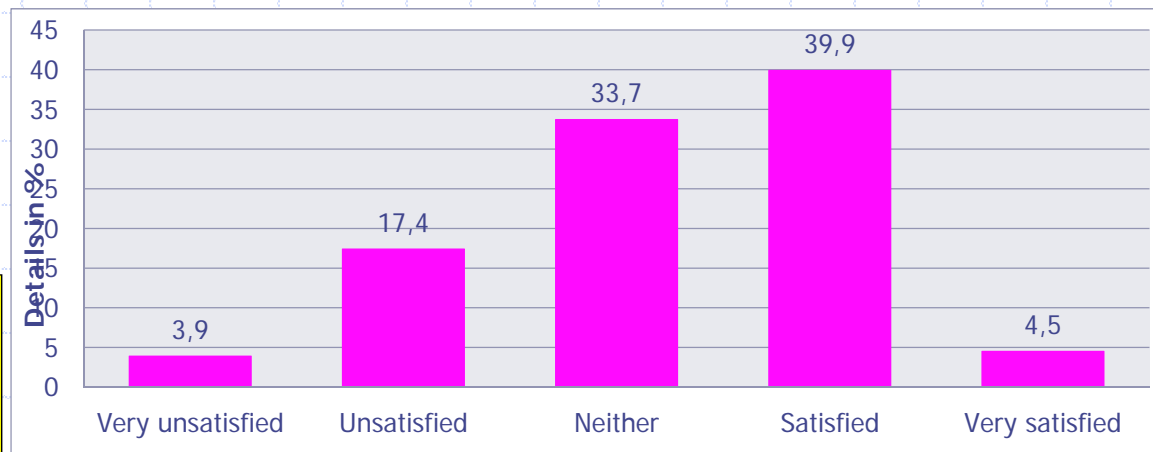


# Analysis and evaluation of findings (2)

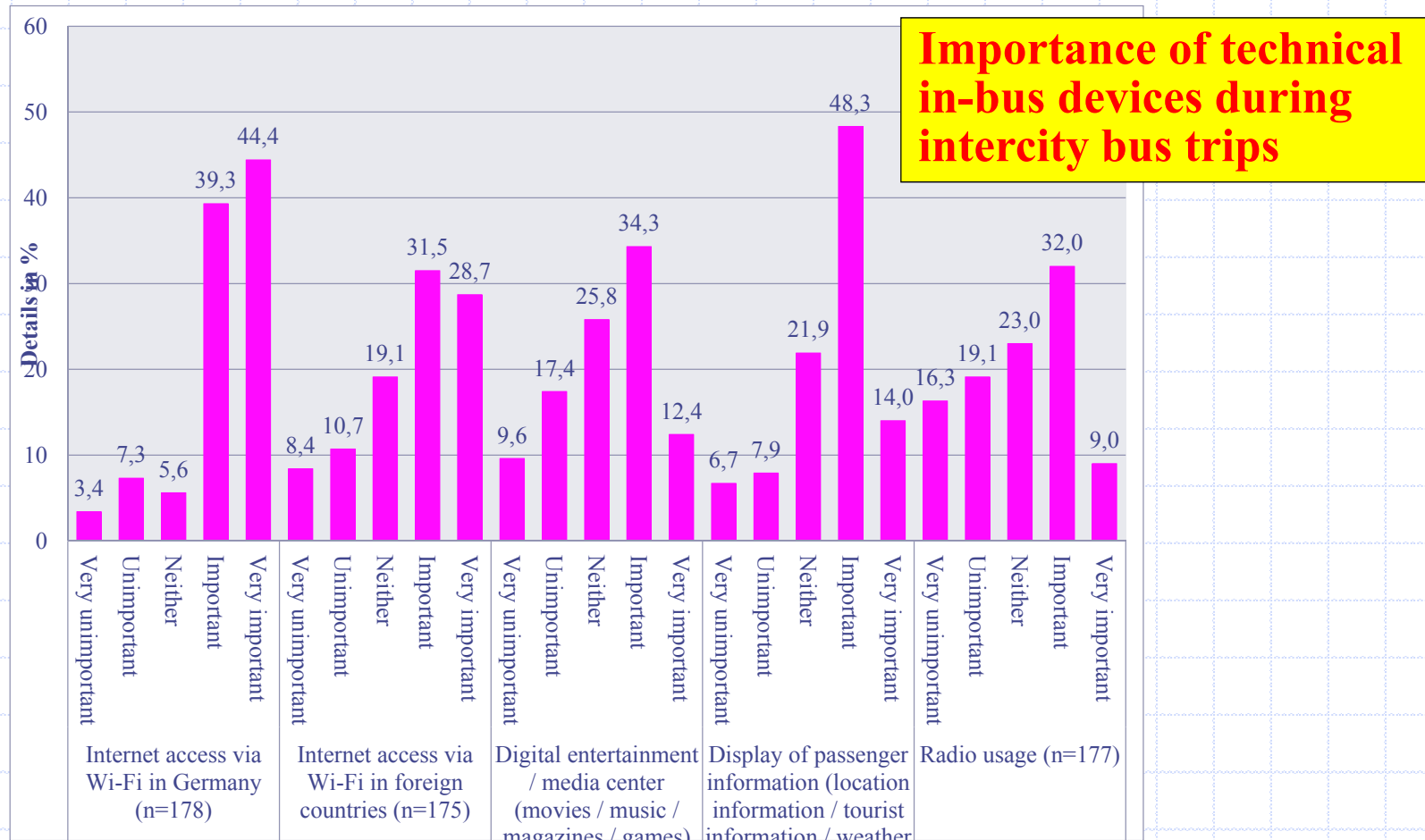


**Importance of technical in-bus equipment**

**Satisfaction with the technical in-bus equipment**

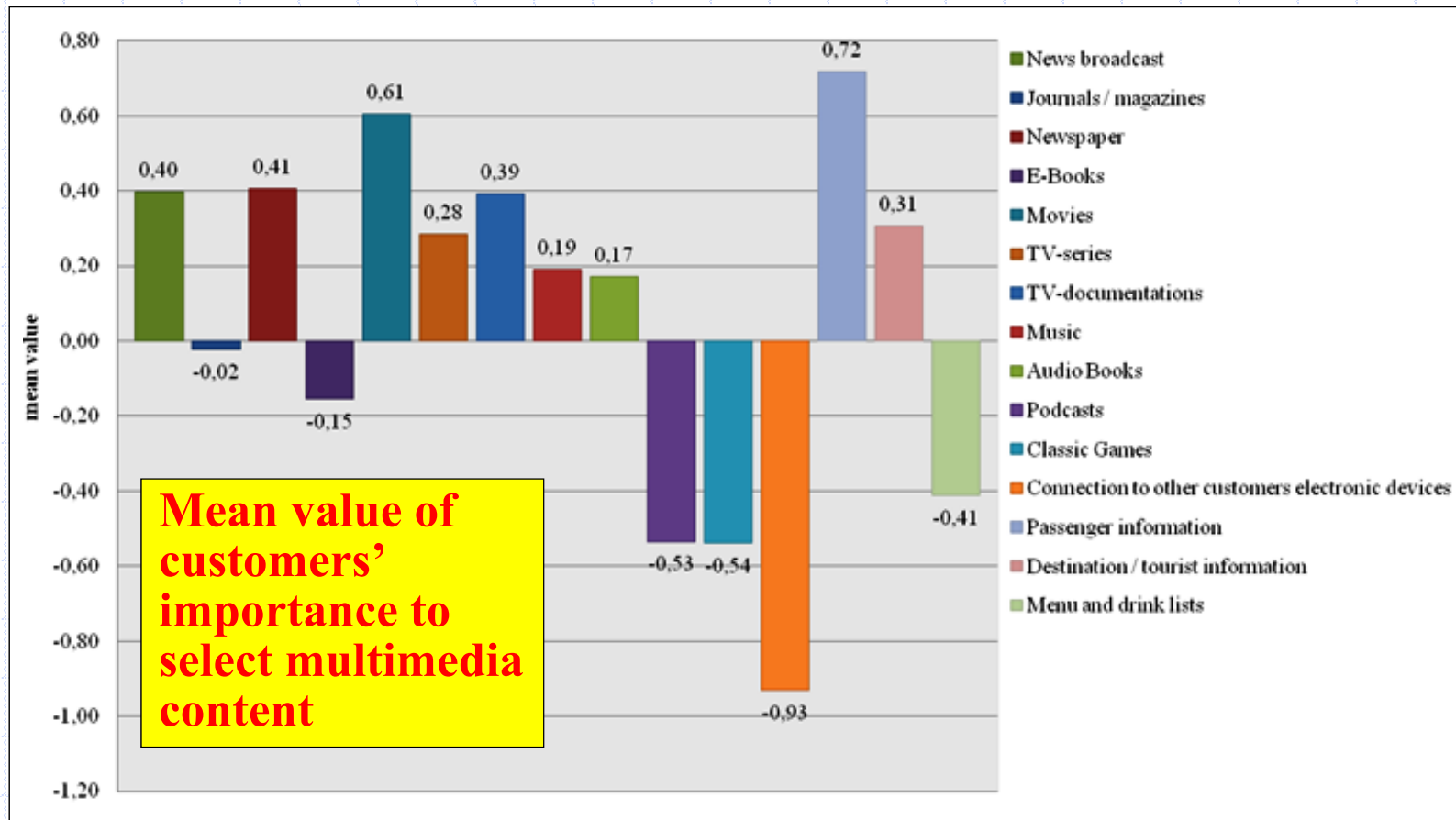


# Analysis and evaluation of findings (3)

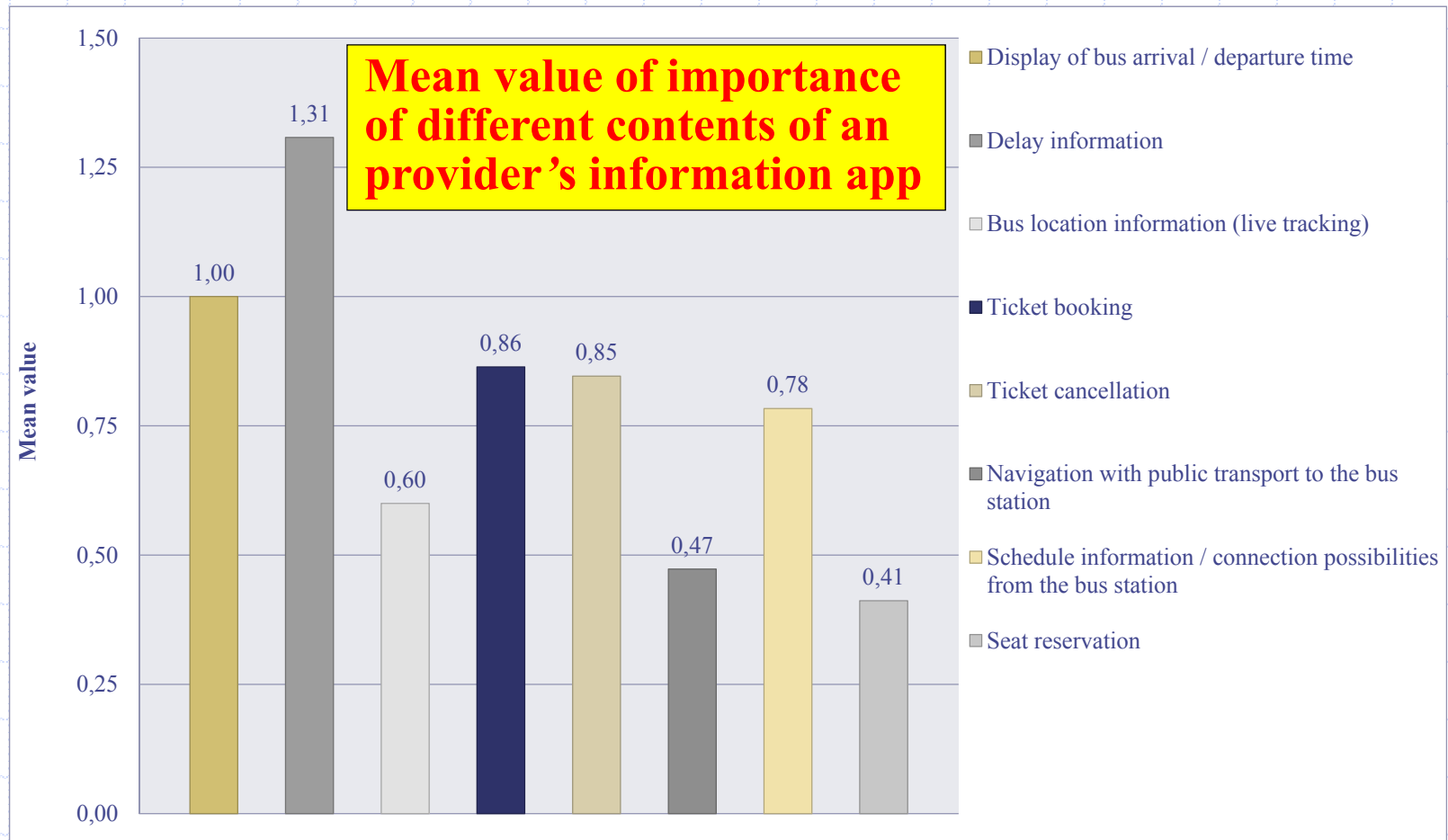




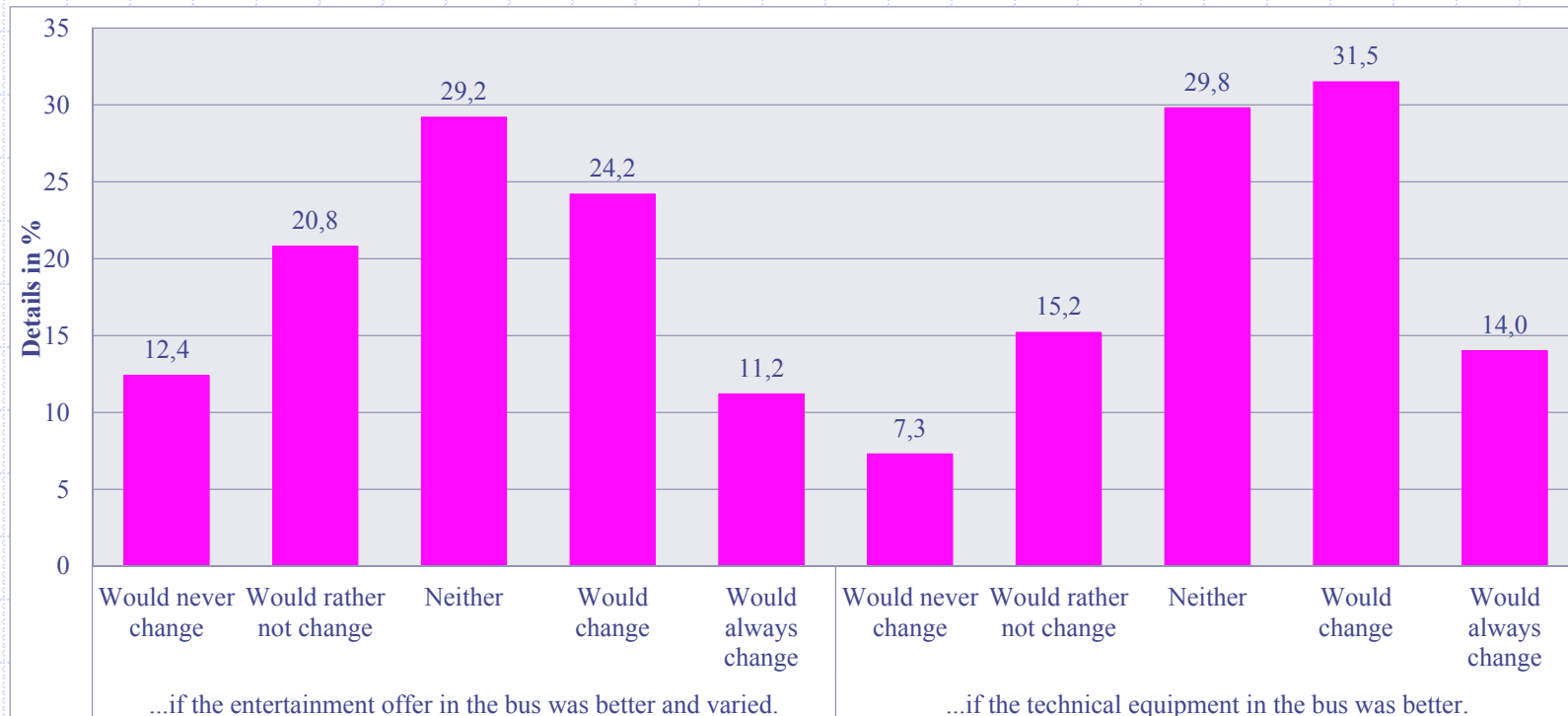
# Analysis and evaluation of findings (4)



# Analysis and evaluation of findings (5)

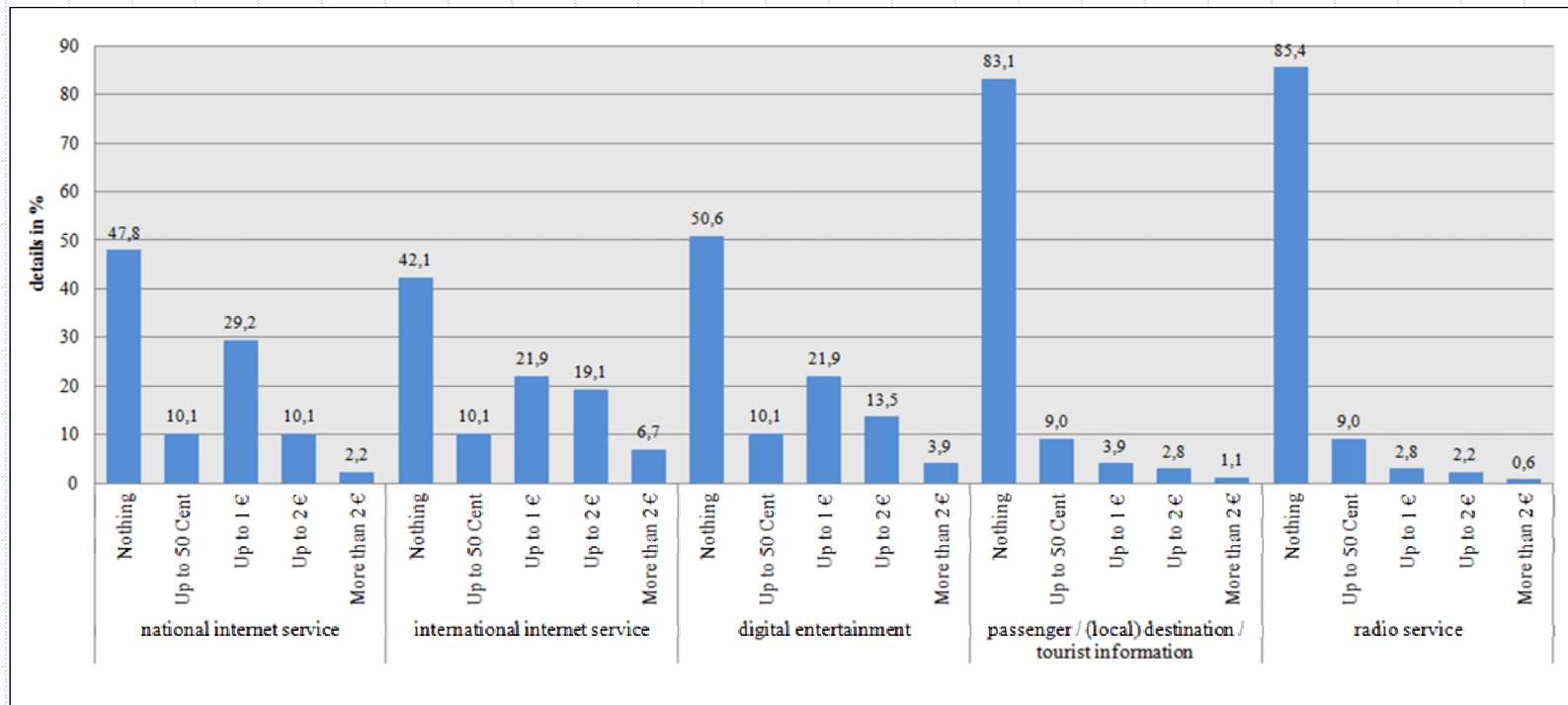


# Analysis and evaluation of findings (6)



**Willingness to change a provider if a better entertainment service is offered and if a better technical in-bus equipment is available**

# Analysis and evaluation of findings (7)



**Total willingness to pay of customers for offered services in percentage terms**

# Analysis and evaluation of findings (8)

- *Changing of provider due to the (technical) features*

If from customers' point of view the *importance of technical in-bus equipment* in intercity buses is high, the probability to change to a competitor with better equipped buses is increasing.

- *Customer loyalty*

A higher satisfaction regarding the technical in-bus equipment will lead to a lower probability to change to a competitor, that means the customer loyalty is increasing.

# Analysis and evaluation of findings (9)

- *Willingness to pay*

If there is a considerable *demand* relating to an *Internet access* the willingness to pay for such a *charged service* is increasing significantly.

(On average, the customers would be willing to pay for domestic Internet service 0.60 €, for international service 0.84 €, and for offered digital entertainment 0.64 €.)

# Recommendations for further measures

- The results of the study show that a *multi-functional infotainment system* in connection with a *provider information app* presents a *suitable competitive advantage*.
- Therefore, the primary objective must be to design (or to buy) a suitable system to offer an attractive service. For this purpose it is necessary that *intercity bus service provider, coach manufacturers* as well as *(external) software provider* cooperate.
- Precondition for a system implementation is the *economic efficiency*, so that the question will be whether the *additional revenues* can in a long-term view (over)compensate incurring *investment and operational costs*.

# Basic components / Infotainment system

## *Infotainment*

<b>Movies</b>	<b>TV programs</b>	<b>TV documen- tations</b>	<b>Timetables</b>
<b>Audio books</b>	<b>E-books</b>	<b>Journals</b>	<b>Magazines</b>

## *Information*

<b>Newspapers</b>	<b>News programs</b>	<b>Location information</b>	<b>Arrival times</b>
<b>Weather</b>	<b>Events / Points of interest</b>	<b>Travel guides</b>	<b>Timetables</b>



# Basic components / Provider information app

<b>Arrival times</b>	<b>Departure times</b>	<b>Delays</b>	<b>Navigation in public transp.</b>
<b>Location service</b>	<b>Booking</b>	<b>Cancellation</b>	<b>Timetables</b>

# Cost calculation infotainment system (1)

- Basis for the following calculations is the full service system *OmdisNet* offered by *Omdis Media GmbH*, which can be bought as well as rented.

This system is based on *wireless technique (WLAN)* and it contains wide range of *on demand services* which can be used on trip by *own mobile devices*.

Especially important is that *OmdisNet* is a *modular system* so that *customized configurations* are possible.

- Starting point is a long-term *rental contract*, which is *vehicle-related*. The accruing costs result from a *basic package plus possible extensions*.

# Cost calculation infotainment system (2)

<b>Rental basis package</b>	<b>1,584</b>
<b>Upgrade 50 users</b>	<b>204</b>
<b>LTE router / Internet access</b>	<b>168</b>
<b>20 music albums (per year)</b>	<b>160</b>
<b>5 new television series (per year)</b>	<b>225</b>
<b>20 audio books</b>	<b>168</b>
<b>Newspapers</b>	<b>636</b>
<b>Journals / Magazines</b>	<b>348</b>
<b>Enterprise portal</b>	<b>480</b>
<b>Total cost (per bus / per year)</b>	<b>3,973</b>

# Cost calculation infotainment system (3)

- To attain a *self-financing solution* an additional revenue of **3,973 €** must be achieved.

- *Calculation basis:*

$((((\text{Fare increase} * \text{Number of tickets}) * \text{Number of trips per day}) * \text{Number of days per week}) * \text{Number of weeks per year})$

- *Fare increase of 0.25 € for 20 tickets :*

$$(((0.25 * 20) * 3) * 6) * 48 = \mathbf{4,320 \text{ €}} (+ 347 \text{ €})$$

- *Fare increase of 0.50 € for 20 tickets:*

$$(((0.50 * 20) * 3) * 6) * 48 = \mathbf{8,640 \text{ €}} (+ 4,667 \text{ €})$$

(→ *Yield management*)

# Summary and recommendations

- The calculation show that in intercity buses an *infotainment system* that covers a wide range of services can be operated economically (on a rental basis).
- *Investment costs* will be necessary only to a limited extent because the system is operated wireless. Regardless of this appropriate in-bus devices can also be installed, if such service will be requested.
- In this case a cooperation between *intercity bus service providers* and *coach manufacturers* will be useful to integrate the devices in a suitable manner and to keep down the necessary costs.